## MODEL United Nations in Kaetsu (Conference A)

A/C.2/72/RES.1

Distr.:Limited

27 December, 2017

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Original: English

## United Nations General Assembly

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Agenda item: International Migration and Development

Sponsor: Afghanistan, Algeria, China, France, Germany, Greece, India, Kazakhstan, Morocco, Nigeria, Philippines,

Somalia, South Africa, Spain, Sudan, Sweden, Ukraine

The General Assembly,

*Recalling* the Charter of the United Nations and as well as Conventions relating to the Status of Refugees, the Convention on the Rights of the Child and the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women to reaffirm fundamental freedoms entitled to all migrants,

Recalling its resolution 71/237 of December 21 2016 on International Migration and Development, its resolution 68/4 of 3 October 2013 which established the High-level Dialogue on International Migration and Development, its resolution 60/206 of 22 December 2005 on the Facilitation and Reduction of the cost of Transfer of Migrant Remittances,

Recalling the World Migration Report 2018 by the International Organization for Migration (IOM),

*Recalling* the Universal Declaration of Human Rights especially the article 13 which draws attention to the freedom of movements,

Recalling a basic principle of International Organization of Migrants that "humane and orderly migration benefits migrants and society",

Reaffirming the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination to Deplore the acts, manifestations and expressions of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance against migrants and the stereotypes often applied to them, including based on religion or belief,

*Recognizing* the need for international cooperation to deal with comprehensive approaches to secure safe migration in accordance with the capacity of each Member States,

*Emphasizing* that the cooperation between the countries of Origin and the countries of Destination is important to decrease the number of unauthorized immigrants, to protect concerned human rights to minimize potential damages and to maximize the potential benefits,

Noting with deep concern the current situation of brain drains notably the widening disparities between developed and developing nations,

*Emphasizing* that a big factor in skilled immigrants not returning to their country of origin is due to the fact that the environment of their origin country is not favorably suitable,

*Recognizing* the lack of advanced agricultural technology is a major cause of brain drain from developing countries,

Keeping in mind that online censorship in certain nations is harming the nation's economic and scientific progress,

Emphasizing that a concept of brain circulation is important to realize a sustainable society,

*Emphasizing* that to resolve a brain-drain, it is necessary to take both short-term and long-term approaches, *Recognizing* that the IOM is actively endorsing the regional cooperative consultation process, especially within the context of border management,

Deploring that the activities of illegal human traffickers has been violating the rights of unauthorized immigrants,

Drawing attention to the overflow of irregular migrants and a potential threat to security as unauthorized immigrants, as a category, include terrorists,

Recognizing that many unauthorized immigrants are abused of their human rights after they migrate to another country,

Recalling the Sustainable Development Goals, notably Goal 2: Zero Hunger

Also, concerned about the situation of migrants that are in hunger,

*Emphasizing* that it is inevitable for the United Nations World Food Programme, the government and the NGOs to closely cooperate one another to immediately address the emergency of food shortages and to make sure the success of the delivery,

Nothing with deep concern the large amount of food loss in developed countries,

- Urges Member States to apply and, where needed, reinforce the existing laws when xenophobic or intolerant acts, manifestations or expressions against migrants occur, to eradicate impunity for those who commit those acts to protect human rights of immigrants;
- 2. Urges regional banks and developed countries to subsidize national or regional research institutions in close collaboration with Countries of Origin aiming at, such as but not limited to, regular recruitment of researchers, expansion of research equipment and scholarships for young researchers;

Urges developing nations to establish an enriched education system and with request, receiving help of UNESCO;

- 3. Encourages accepting countries to subsidize their multinational companies which would expand their perspectives to the countries of origin to stimulate brain circulation;
- 4. Requests accepting countries to grant their migrants long-term break system and guarantee their rights to reenter the nations;
  - a) To accelerate brain circulation,
     Requests accepting countries to grant irregular migrants work permit
- 5. Calls upon regional and international communities, in the middle term, to take appropriate measures depending on causes of brain drain as well as to further increase the amount of returning immigrants as follows:
- a) For Countries of Origin struggling economic crisis including unemployment, consider necessary policies notably debt reduction,
- b) For Countries of Origin that political instability and conflicts have been observed, stimulate dialogue between stakeholders,
- c) For Countries of Origin that its food security is at stake, urge the United Nations Development Programme to provide agricultural technology to improve agricultural conditions in developing countries;
- d) For Countries of Origin that have a low education standard, calls upon to further enrich its education system with the support of UNESCO,

- e) For countries of origin that internet censorship triggered brain drain, recommend to consider implementation of
  government approved areas without internet restrictions or government approved VPNs the advancement of science
  and technology,
- 6. Calls upon Member States especially countries of small acceptance of migrants and countries with high GDP to provide financial, humanitarian support aiming at such as but not limited to advanced border control,
- 7. Encourages the creation of asylums under the following:
- a) encourages that every asylum is controlled by the IOM,
- b) the role of the asylum is to temporary keep irregular immigrants in the transit nations as well as the nation of destination,

Recognizes the importance of cooperating regionally to strengthen border control;

- 8. Endorses following roles of European Border and Coast Guard Agency and recommends this to be continued,
- a) regular risk analysis through constant monitoring of external borders and identification of areas in need of additional security measures,
- b) the emergency measures which the European Commission decides the deployment of European Border Guard Teams as the last resort when an EU country is facing extreme pressure at an external border, especially the arrival of large numbers of non-EU nationals;
- c) the augmentation of police and military personnel to combat organizations that smuggle people into nations illegally,
- 9. Calls upon accepting countries to set a time limit on the work permit for 1 year and to impose updates on the migrants to make it easy for accepting nations to know the circumstances that migrants are under and improve the motivation to work of migrants;
- 1 0. Calls upon Member states to secure the safety of unauthorized immigrants through providing shelters, basic healthcare, and education for children in close cooperation with the United Nations Children's Funds and the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
- 1 1. Calls upon countries of origin in close cooperation with the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees to share information on legal migration process with citizens,
- 1 2. recognizes the importance of expanding legal migration routes which would decrease the number of unauthorized immigrants and increase the number of authorized immigrants, resulting in protecting their human rights;
- 1 3. Supports the current emergency assistance of World Food Programme,

- 1 4. Urges Member States in need of assistance from WFP to enhance transparent information exchange with WFP to make sure the successful delivery in accordance with the current system which WFP designs supports specialized for each country;
- 1 5. Urges Member States in need of direct assistance from WFP to implement national policies to prove the sufficient delivery such as but not limited to, submission annual reports to WFP along with regular monitoring by WFP; supporting to the nation, and after that each country distributes the food properly
- 1 6. Calls upon emergency investigation team of WFP to closely cooperate with the International Organization of Migrants, the government and the NGOs to establish regular investigation objecting transits camp of unauthorized immigrants as follows aiming to suggest either WFP should provide direct assistance or not;
- a) the number of unauthorized immigrants
- b) the economic circumstances of the hosting country
- c) the circumstances of food shortages of the hosting country
- 1 7. Calls upon WFP to encourage Member States with low poverty rate of immigrants and the low number of accepted immigrants to contribute to the funding;
- 1 8. Calls upon WFP to encourage Member States with larger amount of food waste to directly transfer food to the needed area of which sending cost and arrangement will be conducted by WFP;
- 1 9. Encourages nations to establish a food bank system, under the control of IOM aimed at providing food for hungry immigrants;
- 2 0. Recommends nations to establish a food couponing system for immigrants with unstable income thus food, controlled by the WFP.